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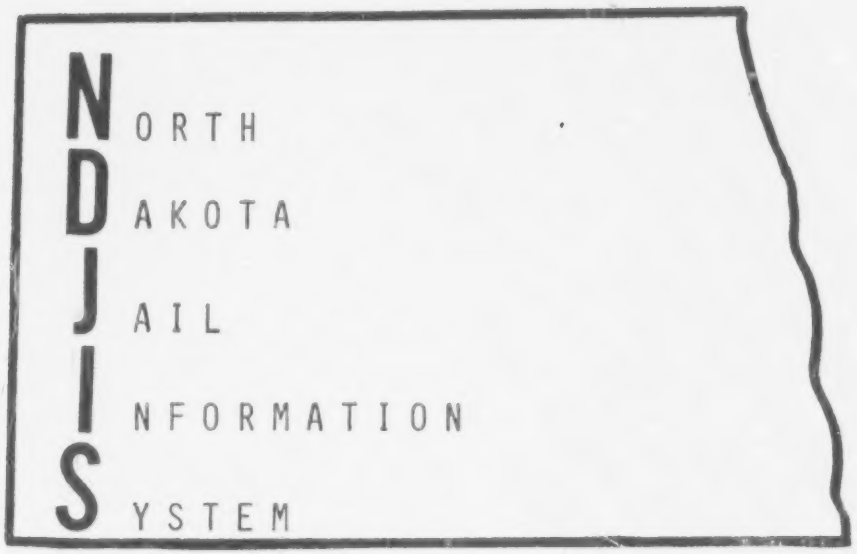
SUMMARY REPORT
1977 - 1980



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INTRODUCTION

The North Dakota Jail Information System (NDJIS) involves the collection, compilation, and analysis of incarceration statistics reported by the various city and county jails and detention centers. Data have been gathered on incarcerations in these local correctional facilities since 1977. All facilities known to be operating as city or county jails or detention centers have reported,* although there are several jails in the state which, while not actally closed, report that they are not being used.

None of the facilities run by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) currently report on the NDJIS nor does the NDJIS include statistics from the State Industrial School, the State Farm, the State Penitentiary, or other institutions run by the State.

During the past year several new reporting capabilities have been added to the NDJIS using the Statistical Analysis System, a computer programming system. This report presents a brief analysis of the data now available for the four years the NDJIS has been in operation, 1977 through 1980, with emphasis placed on the 1980 data.

*Data for 1980 from Bowman City Jail and Golden Valley County Jail were received too late for inclusion in this report. Bowman City Jail held 25 persons and Golden Valley County Jail held 152 persons in 1980.

LOCAL INCARCERATIONS

In 1980, there were 20,344 reported incarcerations in local facilities. This figure includes all individuals, male and female, adult and juvenile, who were "booked in" and held for any length of time in any local correctional facility. This total should not be interpreted as 20,344 separate individuals having been held, as one individual may have been held several times during the course of the year.

Incarcerations rose from 17,933 in 1977 to the 20,344 reported in 1980, an increase of just over 13 percent. As seen in Table I this increase was not the result of a steady annual rise. Rather, the table reveals a slight decrease from 1977 to 1978 followed by a modest increase in 1979 resulting in a return to just over the 1977 level of incarceration. Thus, most of the overall increase from the base year (1977) actually occurred during 1980.

TABLE I

Percent Change in Local Incarcerations: Statewide

Year	Number of Reported Incarcerations	Percent Increase	Percent Change From Base Year (1977)
1977	17,933		
1978	17,390	-3.0%	-3.0%
1979	18,011	+3.6%	+0.4%
1980	20,344	+13.0%	+13.4%

Table II provides similar data for each facility operating and reporting during each of the same four years. In using this table it is important to look at both the percent of changes and the actual numbers of incarcerations in order to properly interpret the data. The table notes changes ranging from decreases of nearly 90 percent (Adams County jail) to increases of 500 percent (Dunn County jail). Within this vast range of changes in numbers of persons held are several which result only from a tripling of small initial numbers of actual offenses while other huge increases result from doubling or tripling population sizes which were substantial in the base year. A third category of facilities, including those of Grand Forks and Burleigh counties, have had almost no changes in number of persons held annually.

TABLE II

Percent Change in
North Dakota Incarcerations by Facility
1977 - 1980

County Jails	1977	1978	1979	1980	Percent Change from 1977-1980
Adams	46	15	13	6	-86.9%
Barnes	582	582	378	444	-23.7%
Bottineau	86	110	98	85	- 1.1%
Bowman	6	7	7	8	33.3%
Burke	41	38	30	37	- 9.7%
Burleigh	1,412	1,401	1,548	1,407	- 0.3%
Cass	3,170	3,285	3,797	3,918	23.6%
Cavalier	163	100	72	84	-48.4%
Dickey	135	95	48	96	-28.9%
Divide	72	44	36	22	-69.4%
Dunn	9	17	34	54	500.0%
Eddy	150	103	56	24	-84.0%
Emmons	19	14	12	29	52.6%
Foster	24	35	21	21	-12.5%
Golden Valley	48	46	-	-	-
Grand Forks	2,957	2,755	2,877	3,027	2.4%
Grant	27	10	27	17	-37.0%
Griggs	66	19	-	-	-
Hettinger	13	7	11	3	-76.9%
Kidder	26	14	-	-	-
Logan	10	12	15	6	-40.0%
McHenry	77	54	74	95	23.4%
McIntosh	22	14	13	7	-68.1%
McKenzie	189	113	282	545	188.4%
McLean	140	161	183	132	- 5.7%
Mercer	142	151	350	487	243.0%
Morton	672	532	287	795	18.3%
Mountrail	53	24	77	121	128.3%
Oliver	-	-	-	18	-
Pembina	190	170	177	147	-22.6%
Pierce	96	54	35	64	-33.3%
Ramsey	1,130	1,247	1,065	1,197	5.9%
Ransom	136	71	-	55	-59.6%
Renville	24	10	11	17	-29.2%
Richland	813	629	623	767	- 5.6%
Rolette	571	481	379	488	-14.5%
Sargent	3	23	14	-	-
Sheridan	18	14	16	13	-27.8%
Stark	283	250	386	735	159.7%
Stutsman	653	733	633	605	- 7.4%
Towner	-	-	13	-	-
Traill	208	168	144	153	26.4%
Walsh	558	505	508	512	- 8.2%
Ward	528	675	808	1,052	88.5%
Wells	42	49	76	22	-48.8%
Williams	714	752	892	1,228	72.0%
City Jails					
Bowman	25	26	24	-	-
Dickinson	218	218	288	464	112.8%
Dunseith	634	422	441	332	-47.6%
Edgeley	7	1	-	-	-
Garrison	82	-	-	-	-
Glen Ullin	3	1	6	3	0%
Kenmare	9	-	-	-	-
Larimore	17	-	-	-	-
Minot	578	684	571	538	- 6.9%
Mott	3	-	-	-	-
New Town	27	30	44	11	59.3%
Ray	-	4	-	-	-
Juvenile Detention Centers					
Cass JDC	5	211	319	238	12.8%*
Grand Forks JDC	-	204	192	215	5.4%*
Total	17,933	17,390	18,011	20,344	13.4%

*Percent Change 1978-1980

In comparing any population across time it is useful to create a rate based on population so that any population shifts over the years will be negated and will not influence the comparison. As previously shown, incarcerations increased over 13 percent between 1977 and 1980. Table III presented incarceration rates per 1000 persons of general population for these years. As shown in the table the incarceration rate for local facilities statewide increased from 27.5 incarcerations per 1000 population in 1977 to 31.0 incarcerations per 1000 population in 1980 with the largest increase appearing in 1980.

TABLE III

Rate of Incarcerations in Local Facilities
North Dakota: 1977-1980

Year	General Population*	Reported Incarcerations	Incarceration Rate Per 1000 Population
1977	653,000	17,933	27.5
1978	653,000	17,390	26.6
1979	658,000	18,011	27.4
1980	656,598	20,344	31.0

*Population figures for 1977-1979 are estimates based on census data. The 1980 figure is the official census result.

The number of persons held in North Dakota has been reviewed both as a statewide total and by facility. The effects of population changes on these totals over the four year period has been examined. The rest of this report deals with more specific information about the persons who were incarcerated for whatever reason during the time span 1977 through 1980. Specifically, the next several subsections deal with the characteristics of age, sex, race, and physical condition at intake of all individuals who were reported held in local facilities. The following subsections of the report discuss reasons for incarceration, length of incarceration, legal status while in the facility, and means of release from the facility.

The information is presented in a somewhat cumulative form. The section topic is presented singly and also is examined as a function of previous topics. (For example, sex of incarcerated persons is presented following a subsection on age; a breakdown by age and sex is then given.) Thus it is advisable for the readers to page through the entire report in order not to miss any material on the subtopic he/she may be most interested in.

Age of Persons Incarcerated

As seen in Table IV, the ratio of adult to juvenile incarcerations remained relatively constant throughout the period of 1977 through 1980 although the number of juveniles incarcerated increased 8.2 percent and adult incarcerations increased 13.9 percent over the same period.

TABLE IV

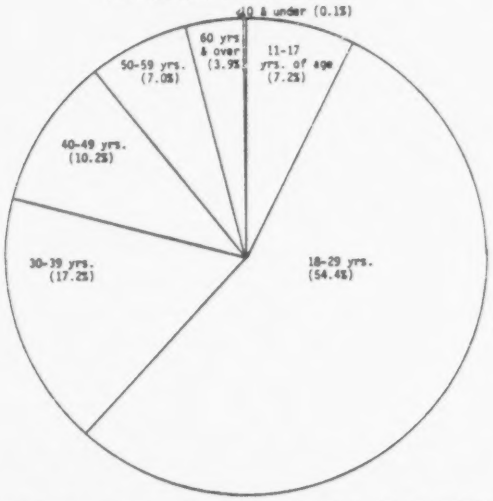
Statewide Incarcerations: Adult and Juvenile

	Juveniles	Adult	Total
1977	1,370 (7.6%)	16,563 (92.4%)	17,933 (100%)
1978	1,501 (8.6%)	15,889 (91.4%)	17,390 (100%)
1979	1,668 (9.3%)	16,343 (90.7%)	18,011 (100%)
1980	1,482 (7.3%)	18,862 (92.7%)	20,344 (100%)

Persons under 30 years of age accounted for approximately 60 percent of all incarcerations in 1980 as shown in Figure I. Over 50 percent of total incarcerations were of individuals in the 18 through 29 years age span.

Figure I

Age of Persons Incarcerated
Local Facilities in North Dakota: 1980



Note: Most of these categories are 10 year age cohorts. In order to better display the legal division between adults & juveniles 2 categories do not contain an even 10 yr. age span but are as follows: 11-17 yrs. and 18-29 yrs.

Table V presents an annual summary of persons held statewide by age from 1977 through 1980. The annual increases or decreases in total numbers of persons incarcerated seems to have been absorbed across the age ranges, with no one age bearing the brunt of the change. Table VI provides an age breakdown for persons held in local facilities during 1980.

TABLE V

Persons Incarcerated in Local Jails
by Age
North Dakota

Age	1977	1978	1979	1980
10 & Under	22	22	44	25
11-12	24	21	33	18
13-14	270	264	269	220
15	246	306	331	325
16	331	406	469	360
17	477	482	522	534
18	1,038	1,026	1,072	1,206
19	1,141	1,074	1,134	1,359
20	1,153	931	992	1,267
21	1,116	926	972	1,176
22	983	854	961	1,103
23	821	781	768	957
24	698	665	716	674
25-29	2,419	2,513	2,603	3,115
30-34	1,567	1,689	1,717	2,099
35-39	1,186	1,100	1,219	1,403
40-44	1,100	1,039	1,102	1,177
45-49	987	910	837	894
50-54	780	861	750	863
55-59	634	553	583	569
60-64	486	499	460	400
65 & Over	404	468	457	400
TOTAL	17,933	17,390	18,011	20,344

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Persons Incarcerat
North D

Facility	10 and Under	11-14	15-17	18-29	30-39
County Jails:					
Adams	-	-	-	4	-
Barnes	-	17	64	222	58
Bottineau	-	-	6	48	19
Bowman	-	-	-	5	3
Burke	-	-	3	31	2
Burleigh	1	15	99	779	309
Cass	7	1	32	1,776	760
Cavalier	-	1	25	45	4
Dickey	-	1	7	57	11
Divide	-	1	2	14	3
Dunn	-	-	-	35	11
Eddy	-	-	-	10	2
Emmons	-	2	4	12	7
Foster	-	2	-	13	2
Grand Forks	1	-	54	1,861	577
Grant	-	-	-	13	2
Hettinger	-	-	-	2	-
Logan	-	-	-	3	1
McHenry	-	-	4	47	20
McIntosh	-	-	-	3	3
McKenzie	-	-	17	313	99
McLean	-	-	5	67	24
Mercer	-	-	6	281	86
Morton	-	2	20	513	127
Mountrail	-	2	5	64	24
Oliver	-	-	1	13	3
Pembina	-	1	8	90	26
Pierce	-	-	5	36	10
Ramsey	4	23	82	574	213
Ransom	-	-	2	23	4
Renville	-	-	-	15	1
Richland	-	1	38	541	88
Rolette	-	9	43	248	79
Sheridan	-	-	-	8	1
Stark	2	2	22	495	125
Stutsman	1	21	46	350	85
Traill	1	-	10	83	24
Walsh	-	6	42	283	87
Ward	-	5	55	688	165
Wells	-	-	-	12	4
Williams	2	8	52	752	198
City Jails:					
Dickinson	-	2	11	268	85
Dunseith	1	13	19	80	48
Glen Ullin	-	-	-	2	-
Minot	-	14	74	273	100
New Town	-	-	-	2	2
Detention Centers:					
Cass County	-	41	194	3	-
Grand Forks Co.	5	48	162	-	-
Statewide:	25	238	1,219	11,057	3,502

BLE VI

ted by Age & Facility
akota, 1980

40-49	50-59	60 & Over	Juveniles	Adults	Total
1	1	-	-	6	6
31	35	17	81	363	444
9	2	1	6	79	85
-	-	-	-	8	8
-	1	-	3	34	37
112	66	26	115	1,292	1,407
634	454	254	40	3,878	3,918
6	3	-	26	58	84
11	6	3	8	88	96
1	1	-	3	19	22
6	2	-	-	54	54
7	2	3	-	24	24
4	-	-	6	23	29
3	1	-	2	19	21
290	151	93	55	2,972	3,027
1	1	-	-	17	17
1	-	-	-	3	3
1	-	1	-	6	6
14	7	3	4	91	95
-	-	1	-	7	7
63	35	18	17	528	545
16	14	6	5	127	132
58	28	28	6	481	487
77	42	14	22	773	795
4	15	7	7	114	121
1	-	-	1	17	18
15	6	1	9	138	147
6	6	1	5	59	64
118	104	79	109	1,088	1,197
9	10	7	2	53	55
1	-	-	-	17	17
48	36	15	39	728	767
53	34	22	52	436	488
3	1	-	-	13	13
52	27	10	26	709	735
59	30	13	68	537	605
11	14	10	11	142	153
49	28	17	48	464	512
78	41	20	60	992	1,052
3	2	1	-	22	22
77	119	20	62	1,166	1,228
54	32	12	13	451	464
31	52	88	33	299	332
1	-	-	-	3	3
48	20	9	88	450	538
4	3	-	-	11	11
-	-	-	235	3	238
-	-	-	215	-	215
2,071	1,432	800	1,482	18,862	20,344

Sex of Persons Incarcerated

The ratio of males to females incarcera
ities remained approximately 90:10 thro
which data is available. Table VII pre
females held annually from 1977 through
incarcerated increased 12.5 percent wh
20.4 percent during the same period.

TABLE

Persons Incarcerated i
by Se
North Da

Year	Males
1977	16,134 (90.0%)
1978	15,492 (89.1%)
1979	16,083 (89.3%)
1980	18,158 (89.2%)

Table VIII presents data on the number
facility in 1980 with a breakdown by se
could be expected from the statewide re
facilities held many more males than fe
adult age categories.

As previously stated, only about 10 per
ations were female. When categorized b
true for adults (persons age 18 and old
accounted for over one-quarter (27.6%)
incarcerations.

The 409 reported juvenile female incar
total 2,168 reported female incarcerat
male incarcerations made up only 5.9 pe
male incarcerations.

ated in local correctional facil-
oughout the four year period for
esents the number of males and
h 1980. The number of males
ile female incarcerations increased

VII

n Local Facilities
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Females	Total
1,799 (10.0%)	17,933
1,898 (10.9%)	17,390
1,928 (10.7%)	18,011
2,168 (10.8%)	20,344

of persons held in each reporting
ex and age (adult/juvenile). As
eview in Table VII, most of the
emales in both the juvenile and

rcent of total reported incarcer-
by sex and age, this ratio holds
der). Juvenile females, however,
of all reported juvenile

cerations were 18.8 percent of the
ions. The 1,073 reported juvenile
ercent of the total 18,158 reported

TABLE VIII

Age and Sex of Persons Incarcerated in Local Facilities
North Dakota: 1980

Facility	Males		Females	
	Juveniles*	Adults	Juveniles*	Adults
County Jails:				
Adams	-	6	-	-
Barnes	51	344	30	19
Bottineau	4	73	2	6
Bowman	-	8	-	-
Burke	1	29	2	5
Burleigh	80	1,178	35	114
Cass	34	3,458	6	420
Cavalier	25	54	1	4
Dickey	3	75	5	13
Divide	3	19	-	-
Dunn	-	50	-	4
Eddy	-	24	-	-
Emmons	4	23	2	-
Foster	2	19	-	-
Grand Forks	52	2,532	3	440
Grant	-	17	-	-
Hettinger	-	3	-	-
Logan	-	6	-	-
McHenry	3	86	1	5
McIntosh	-	7	-	-
McKenzie	9	481	8	47
McLean	3	124	2	3
Mercer	6	470	-	11
Morton	20	728	2	47
Mountrail	6	104	1	10
Oliver	1	15	-	2
Pembina	6	133	3	5
Pierce	4	58	1	1
Ramsey	86	925	23	163
Ransom	2	50	-	3
Renville	-	16	-	1
Richland	33	684	6	44
Rolette	50	395	2	41
Sheridan	-	13	-	-
Stark	23	659	3	50
Stutsman	47	511	21	26
Traill	11	138	-	4
Walsh	37	428	11	36
Ward	50	872	10	120
Wells	-	20	-	2
Williams	51	1,094	11	72
City Jails:				
Dickinson	12	443	1	8
Dunseith	31	282	2	17
Glen Ullin	-	3	-	-
Minot	64	415	24	35
New Town	-	11	-	-
Juvenile Detention Centers:				
Cass	139	2	96	1
Grand Forks	120	-	95	-
Statewide	1,073	17,085	409	1,777

*Persons 17 years of age or younger

Race/Ethnicity of Persons Incarcerated

Approximately 75 percent of all persons who were reported held in local facilities in 1980 were white. Just under 20 percent were American Indian, while persons of Hispanic heritage accounted for 1.5 percent of the total. Blacks and all others together represented only a little over 1 percent of all persons incarcerated. As seen in Table V these percentages remained relatively constant throughout the four year time span on record. The most noteworthy shift among racial groups occurred in 1980. Although the actual number of American Indians incarcerated did not vary greatly from 1979 to 1980 the percentage of total incarcerations represented by American Indians decreased approximately 3 percent. This resulted from an increase of over 2000 in the number of whites incarcerated.

Although the percentage of total incarcerations represented by each racial group has remained approximately the same, the actual numbers held have changed annually as shown in Table IX.

TABLE IX

Persons Incarcerated in Local Facilities:
Statewide Racial/Ethnic Breakdown

	1977	1978	1979	1980
White	13,277 (74.0%)	12,918 (74.3%)	13,427 (74.6%)	15,743 (77.4%)
American Indian	4,239 (23.6%)	4,007 (23.0%)	4,074 (22.6%)	4,054 (19.9%)
Hispanic	230 (1.3%)	285 (1.6%)	313 (1.7%)	312 (1.5%)
Black	140 (0.8%)	116 (0.7%)	130 (0.7%)	138 (0.7%)
Other	47 (0.3%)	64 (0.4%)	67 (0.4%)	97 (0.5%)
Total	17,933 (100%)	17,390 (100%)	18,011 (100%)	20,344 (100%)

Figure II presents a comparison of the general population of North Dakota, reported arrests, and reported incarcerations in local facilities. As can readily be seen, Amercian Indians are over-represented in both arrests and incarcerations when compared with their proportion of the general population. This point is amplified by the fact that none of the BIA data on arrests and incarcerations is included in these figures, although the reservation populations are included in the census totals used to calculate the general population breakdown.

FIGURE II

Racial/Ethnic Group Representation in General Population, Arrests, and Incarcerations
North Dakota, 1980

	Population	Arrests	Incarcerations
White	625,536 (95.3%)	26,288 (92.8%)	15,743 (77.4%)
Amer. Indian	20,157 (3.1%)	1,876 (6.6%)	4,054 (19.9%)
Span. Surname	3,903 (0.6%)	(incl. in Other)	312 (1.5%)
All Others	7,002 (1.1%)	34 (0.1%)	97 (0.5%)

The 90:10 ratio of males to females held in local facilities was maintained by race as it was in the total population. As found in Table X, approximately 10 percent of persons incarcerated belonging to any of the racial/ethnic groups were female.

TABLE X

Persons Incarcerated in Local Facilities
by Race and Sex
Statewide, 1980

	Males	Females	Total
White	14,060	1,683	15,743
American Indian	3,587	467	4,054
Spanish Surname	297	15	312
Black	127	11	138
Other	87	10	97

Physical Condition at Intake

The individual recording each incarceration evaluates the physical condition of each person to be held and records it in the jail register during the intake process. The staff member uses his/her own judgment in choosing the most appropriate category with two possible exceptions: (1) persons with chronic illnesses would have had to identify themselves; and (2) persons brought to the facility on alcohol-related charges usually have had tests for intoxication.

The data is presented as reported, although there may, in fact, be considerable under- and over-reporting amongst the various categories due to the subjective nature of determining the most likely categories. The "Alcohol Intoxicated" category is considered quite accurate due to testing. Approximately one-half of all persons recorded incarcerated were alcohol intoxicated at intake during 1979 through 1980. (See Table XI.)

TABLE XI

Physical Condition at Intake
North Dakota

	1977	1978	1979	1980
Good	7,471	7,334	7,921	8,936
Fair	894	712	753	1,431
Chronic Illness	23	31	38	28
Acute Injury	25	6	8	6
Alcohol Intoxicated	9,376	9,200	9,199	9,876
Drug Intoxicated	144	107	92	67
Total	17,933	17,390	18,011	20,344

Looking specifically at 1980, a breakdown by sex as seen in Table XII shows that of the roughly 1/2 of all persons incarcerated who are intoxicated at intake (9,876 persons) over 92 percent are male (9155 persons). One of every two males held in 1980 was recorded as alcohol intoxicated at intake while one of every three females was similarly reported.

TABLE XII

Physical Condition of Persons Incarcerated Statewide During 1980
by Sex

Physical Condition	Males	Females	Total
Good	7,660	1,276	8,936
Fair	1,257	174	1,431
Chronic Illness	26	2	28
Acute Injury	5	1	6
Alcohol Intoxicated	9,155	721	9,876
Drug Intoxicated	55	12	67
Total	18,158	2,186	20,344

Reason for Incarceration

Table XIII provides a breakdown of reasons for incarceration as initially entered in the jail register. Most of these reasons stem from allegations of illegal activity. Some are held following conviction while still others are there for non-criminal reasons. Of those persons held on charges, some of the charges may later have been dropped or additional charges added. Each change may make a difference in the legal status of the individual being held (see section dealing with legal status).

The following discussion categorizes reasons for being held. These various categories should not be interpreted as adding up to 100 percent of the persons incarcerated since some offenses are relevant to more than one category while others included in Table XIII are not discussed here.

Fewer than 10 percent of the persons held in North Dakota jails and detention centers during the period of 1977 through 1980 were charged with UCR Index Offenses*. In fact, over 20 percent were not held as the result of any criminal charges in each of the four years for which data is available. This latter category includes detoxification, protective custody, sleepers, etc.

Approximately 30 percent of reported incarcerations during the same time span involved traffic-related offenses. DWI, leaving the scene of an accident, reckless driving, driving under suspension, open container, and other traffic offenses were included in this calculation.

Unruly or status offenses, acts which would not be offenses if committed by adults, were reported as the reason for less than five percent of incarcerations annually from 1977 through 1980.

The number of individuals held for check offenses steadily increased throughout the four years for which data is available resulting in just over 8 percent of local incarcerations reported for check offenses in 1980.

Drug offenses include both possession and sale or manufacture offenses. Drug offenses accounted for fewer than five percent of reported local incarcerations annually from 1977 through 1979 and only about three percent in 1980.

Alcohol-related reasons were much more frequently reported as causes of incarcerations. Well over 40 percent of incarcerations in 1977-1980 were reported as persons being held for detoxification or under charges stemming from incidents directly related to alcohol usage: DWI, liquor law violations, open container violations, and juveniles in possession of liquor. In 1980, DWI offenses alone accounted for over 20 percent of reported incarcerations with detoxification amounting to 18.5 percent of total reported incarcerations of the same year.

Actual incidence of drug- and alcohol-use related to incarceration may be even higher as abuse of these substances may promote other illegal behavior which in turn could result in incarceration. This is borne out by the data on physical condition at intake which shows approximately 50 percent of persons incarcerated were either drug or alcohol intoxicated at intake.

*The FBI's Uniform Crime Report (UCR) Crime Index is composed of seven serious crimes: homicide, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny and motor vehicle theft.

TABLE XIII

Persons Incarcerated in Local Facilities
by Reason for Incarceration
North Dakota

	1977	1978	1979	1980
Murder/Non-negligent Manslaughter	23	20	25	45
Negligent Manslaughter	6	6	10	10
Gross Sexual Imposition	41	43	52	48
Robbery	77	53	67	45
Aggravated Assault	89	93	104	79
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	463	379	332	402
Larceny - Theft over $1000	120	130	177	204
Larceny - Theft under $1000	521	536	725	815
Motor Vehicle Theft	189	156	172	186
Simple Assault	279	277	224	274
Arson	9	10	18	16
Forgery (Not Checks)	161	125	9	10
Check Offenses	978	1,024	1,163*	1,694**
Fraud (Not Checks)	26	33	29	23
Embezzlement	6	11	4	12
Stolen Property	88	70	95	107
Vandalism	71	27	29	33
Weapons Offenses	52	30	31	46
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	18	10	2	4
Child Molesting	5	6	7	6
Other Sex Offenses	18	14	18	30
Drug Offenses	935	705	583	691
Gambling	4	3	1	3
Child Abuse/Neglect	6	11	7	24
Non-support	45	62	59	62
Other Offenses against Family	27	20	9	15
DWI	4,029	3,954	3,567	4,383
Liquor Laws			112	208
Disorderly Conduct	868	781	855	1,138
Other Offenses	1,015	984	809	1,072
Suspicion	11	36	12	11
Curfew & Loitering	33	15	17	25
Running Away	381	488	407	340
Ungovernable Behavior	55	68	82	75
Possession/Drinking Liquor	181	163	149	104
Other Juvenile Offenses	84	72	143	104
AWOL	71	54	52	48
Detoxification	4,392	4,107	4,253	3,781
Escape	43	42	26	37
Municipal Ordinance Violations	308	183	143	157
Parole Violations	225	149	123	113
Protective Custody	110	94	81	97
Leaving Scene of Accident	43	36	69	61
Reckless Driving	176	140	145	159
Driving under Suspension	578	693	874	1,233
Open Container	168	148	155	170
Other Traffic	409	368	322	343
Trespassing	70	58	64	86
Sleeper (No Offense)	229	285	261	246
Bench Warrant	103	325	728	873
Held for Federal Marshall	91	220	212	150
Pick Up Order	3	47	320	305
Probation Violation	-	15	65	128
Custody Review	-	2	17	12
Held for Court	-	8	6	1
Giving False Information	-	1	-	-
Grand Total	17,933	17,390	18,011	20,344

*Check Offenses - includes 68 charges as check forgeries
**Check Offenses - includes 131 as check forgeries

As previously stated juveniles, persons under 18 years of age, account for fewer than 10 percent of persons held. Of the 1482 juveniles reported held in 1980, 568 or 38.3 percent were held for unruly or status offenses. (See Table XIV.) Fifteen percent or 223 were held for burglary, larceny, or motor vehicle thefts while 166 (10.7%) were held either for detoxification or on DWI charges.

Over 54 percent (11,057) of all persons reported incarcerated in local facilities across North Dakota in 1980 were between the ages of 18 and 29. In this age group 11.2 percent were held for either detoxification or on DWI charges; 9.7 percent for check offenses; and 9.7 percent for either burglary, larceny, or motor vehicle theft.

Individuals aged 60 and over were reported to have been incarcerated 800 times in 1980. Seventy-five percent (600) of these persons were held for either detoxification (440) or DWI (160).

TABLE XIV

Reason for Incarceration by Age
Statewide, 1980

	10 & Under	11-14	15-17	18-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60 & Over	Total
Homicide	-	3	18	19	4	1	-	-	45
Negligent Manslaughter	-	3	1	3	2	-	-	1	10
Gross Sexual Imposition	-	-	-	34	8	2	2	2	48
Robbery	-	-	8	31	4	2	-	-	45
Aggravated Assault	-	-	4	53	19	1	1	1	79
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	-	13	67	272	35	8	6	1	402
Larceny/Theft over $1000	-	1	9	154	27	9	2	2	204
Larceny/Theft under $1000	1	7	61	557	113	54	17	5	815
Motor Vehicle Theft	-	4	60	95	20	5	1	1	186
Other Assault	-	2	5	153	74	26	10	4	274
Arson	-	2	-	12	1	-	-	1	16
Forgery (Not Checks)	-	-	-	7	2	1	-	-	10
Forgery (Checks)	1	-	4	102	11	6	6	1	131
Check Offenses	1	-	10	1,074	287	119	53	19	1,563
Fraud (Not Checks)	-	-	1	14	4	2	-	2	23
Embezzlement	-	-	-	6	2	4	-	-	12
Stolen Property	-	6	11	67	13	3	6	1	107
Vandalism	-	3	7	20	3	-	-	-	33
Weapons Offenses	-	-	1	30	10	1	2	2	46
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	4
Child Molesting	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	6
Other Sex Offenses	-	-	4	17	6	-	3	-	30
Drug Offenses-Sale or Manufacture	-	-	2	80	6	2	-	-	90
Drug Offenses Possession	-	1	34	508	53	3	1	1	601
Gambling	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	3
Child Abuse/Neglect	-	-	-	12	6	6	-	-	24
Non-Support	-	-	1	38	17	4	2	-	62
Other Offenses Against Family	-	-	1	6	5	2	1	-	15
DWI	4	2	100	2,351	868	520	378	160	4,383
Liquor Laws (Not DWI or OC)	-	1	12	173	7	7	7	1	208
Disorderly Conduct	2	2	34	633	223	121	71	52	1,138
Other Offenses	-	6	50	678	192	89	44	13	1,072
Suspicion	-	1	-	8	1	1	-	-	11
Curfew & Loitering	-	7	18	-	-	-	-	-	25
Running Away	3	91	246	-	-	-	-	-	340
Ungovernable Behavior	-	25	50	-	-	-	-	-	75
Possession of Liquor (Juv.)	-	4	45	55	-	-	-	-	104
Other Juvenile Offenses	-	12	92	-	-	-	-	-	104
AWOL	-	-	2	28	12	5	1	-	48
Detoxification	10	8	42	1,002	811	785	683	440	3,781
Escape	-	-	6	24	5	2	-	-	37
Municipal Ordinance Violations	-	1	4	93	29	20	8	2	157
Parole Violation	-	1	10	60	12	4	4	22	113
Protective Custody	2	7	7	24	24	13	14	6	97
Leaving Scene of Accident	-	-	3	34	14	3	5	2	61
Reckless Driving	-	1	7	145	5	1	-	-	159
Driving Under Suspension	-	-	44	941	168	45	28	7	1,233
Open Container	-	-	2	107	32	16	4	9	170
Other Traffic	-	1	18	240	52	16	9	7	343
Trespassing	-	2	6	62	12	-	3	1	86
Sleeper (No Offense)	-	1	5	110	61	32	23	14	246
Bench Warrant	1	2	14	577	163	76	26	14	873
Held for Fed. Marshall	-	2	16	90	16	23	3	-	150
Pick up Orders	-	14	71	156	45	17	1	1	305
Probation Violation	-	-	4	91	15	11	5	2	128
Custody Review	-	1	2	3	1	-	2	-	12
Held for Court	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Grand Total	25	238	1,219	11,057	3,502	2,071	1,432	800	20,344

Table XV presents a breakdown of reasons for incarcerations by both race and sex for local facilities in North Dakota. Approximately 25 percent, 523 of the total 2,186 females reported incarcerated in 1980 were held for check offenses while only 6.4 percent, 1,171 of the total 18,158 males reported held, were held for the same offense. While the 1980 census reported that 77 percent of the state's population was white, nearly 91 percent of all persons held for check offenses were white in 1980.

Over 91 percent of all individuals reported incarcerated for possession of drugs were white as were 97.2 percent of persons reported held for DWI. Whites accounted for only 53.0 percent of reported incarcerations for detoxification. An additional 44.3 percent of detoxification holds were of American Indians with only 1.8 percent reported as persons of Hispanic or other racial/ethnic descent.

TABLE XV

Reason for Incarceration by Race and Sex
Statewide, 1980

Reason for Incarceration	White		American Indian		Spanish Surname		All Other		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Homicide	22	5	18	-	-	-	-	-	40	5
Negligent Manslaughter	6	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
Gross Sexual Imposition	30	-	13	-	3	-	2	-	48	-
Robbery	33	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	45	-
Aggravated Assault	51	1	19	1	4	-	3	-	77	2
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	299	10	76	5	7	-	5	-	387	15
Larceny/Theft	705	112	129	35	21	-	15	2	870	149
Motor Vehicle Theft	126	10	44	2	3	-	1	-	174	12
Other Assaults	206	12	41	8	2	-	5	-	254	20
Arson	14	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	14	2
Forgery (Not Checks)	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	6	4
Fraud (Not Checks)	21	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	2
Check Offenses (incl. Forgery)	1,063	476	54	38	14	4	40	5	1,171	523
Embezzlement	3	1	8	-	-	-	-	-	11	1
Stolen Property	81	8	17	-	1	-	-	-	99	8
Vandalism	23	3	5	2	-	-	-	-	28	5
Weapons Offenses	39	1	3	-	1	-	2	-	45	1
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
Child Molesting	4	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	6	-
Other Sex Offenses	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	28	2
Drug Offenses-Sale or Manufacture	73	14	1	-	-	-	2	-	76	14
Drug Offenses-Possession	499	39	42	-	7	1	2	1	550	51
Gambling	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Child Abuse/Neglect	16	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	18	6
Non-Support	59	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	60	2
Other Offenses Against Family	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	1
DWI	3,576	247	416	81	40	-	23	-	4,055	328
Liquor Law (Not DWI or OC)	139	12	41	13	1	-	2	-	183	25
Disorderly Conduct	732	54	264	49	20	3	14	2	1,030	108
Other Offenses	868	68	84	10	21	-	20	1	993	79
Suspicion	6	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	7	4
Curfew and Loitering	6	10	8	1	-	-	-	-	14	11
Running Away	152	160	11	12	-	2	1	2	164	176
Ungovernable Behavior	32	35	7	1	-	-	-	-	39	36
Possession/Drinking of Liquor (Juv.)	74	17	9	1	3	-	-	-	86	18
Other Juvenile Offenses	55	30	12	5	2	-	-	-	69	35
AWOL	37	4	4	2	1	-	-	-	42	6
Detoxification	1,931	107	1,565	110	40	3	24	1	3,560	221
Escape	22	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	37	-
Municipal Ordinance Violations	96	7	40	4	5	-	3	2	144	13
Parole Violations	93	6	12	-	1	-	1	-	107	6
Protective Custody	63	14	18	2	-	-	-	-	81	16
Leaving Scene of Accident	46	4	8	3	-	-	-	-	54	7
Reckless Driving	140	2	12	2	2	-	1	-	155	4
Driving Under Suspension	1,005	23	165	19	15	-	6	-	1,191	42
Open Container	94	10	49	12	3	-	2	-	148	22
Other Traffic	267	22	46	4	2	-	2	-	317	26
Trespassing	56	11	11	-	2	1	3	2	72	14
Sleeper (No Offense)	176	7	48	2	7	-	6	-	237	9
Bench Warrant	631	47	146	24	13	-	12	-	802	71
Held for Federal Marshall	85	7	47	2	3	-	6	-	141	9
Pick Up Orders	164	38	33	9	51	1	9	-	257	48
Probation Violation	86	15	22	4	1	-	-	-	109	19
Custody Review	6	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	7	5
Held for Court	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Grand Totals	14,060	1,683	3,587	467	297	15	214	21	18,158	2,186

Length of Incarceration

Approximately 15 percent of all persons reported incarcerated annually from 1977 through 1980 were held 2 hours or less. (See Table XVI.) Roughly an additional 10 percent were held for 3 through 6 hours. Just under 25 percent were held more than 6 hours but less than 13 hours. Over 18 percent were held over 13 hours through 23 hours.

Persons held one day through 3 days accounted for approximately 17 percent of the total annually while only 6.3 percent were held for at least four days but less than seven days. About 6 percent were held more than 7 days but less than 30 days and under 2 percent were held over 30 days but less than 90 days. Less than one percent of persons held annually were reported held over 80 days during 1977 through 1980.

TABLE XVI

Number of Persons Incarcerated in Local Facilities in North Dakota by Length of Incarceration

Length of Incarceration	Year 1977	1978	1979	1980
2 hours or less	2234 (12.5%)	2470 (14.2%)	2584 (14.0%)	3367 (16.5%)
3-6 hours	1889 (10.5%)	1844 (10.6%)	1862 (10.1%)	1910 (9.4%)
7-12 hours	4849 (27.0%)	4378 (25.2%)	4478 (24.3%)	4804 (23.6%)
13-23 hours	3409 (19.0%)	3385 (19.5%)	3628 (19.7%)	3591 (17.6%)
1-3 days	2999 (16.7%)	2854 (16.4%)	3234 (17.5%)	3677 (18.1%)
4-7 days	1133 (6.3%)	1097 (6.3%)	1166 (6.3%)	1320 (6.5%)
8-30 days	1055 (5.9%)	1007 (5.8%)	1008 (5.5%)	1237 (6.1%)
31-90 days	301 (1.7%)	270 (1.5%)	206 (1.1%)	346 (1.7%)
Over 90 days	64 (0.4%)	85 (0.5%)	275 (1.5%)	94 (0.5%)
Total	17,933	17,390	18,441	20,346

Figure III presents cumulative percentages in diagram form. Over 25 percent of all persons reported held in local facilities during 1980 were held 6 hours or less. Approximately 50 percent were held 12 hours or less and nearly 92 percent were held one week or less. Almost 98 percent of all persons reported incarcerated in 1980 were held one month or less.

FIGURE III

Length of Incarceration: Statewide, 1980

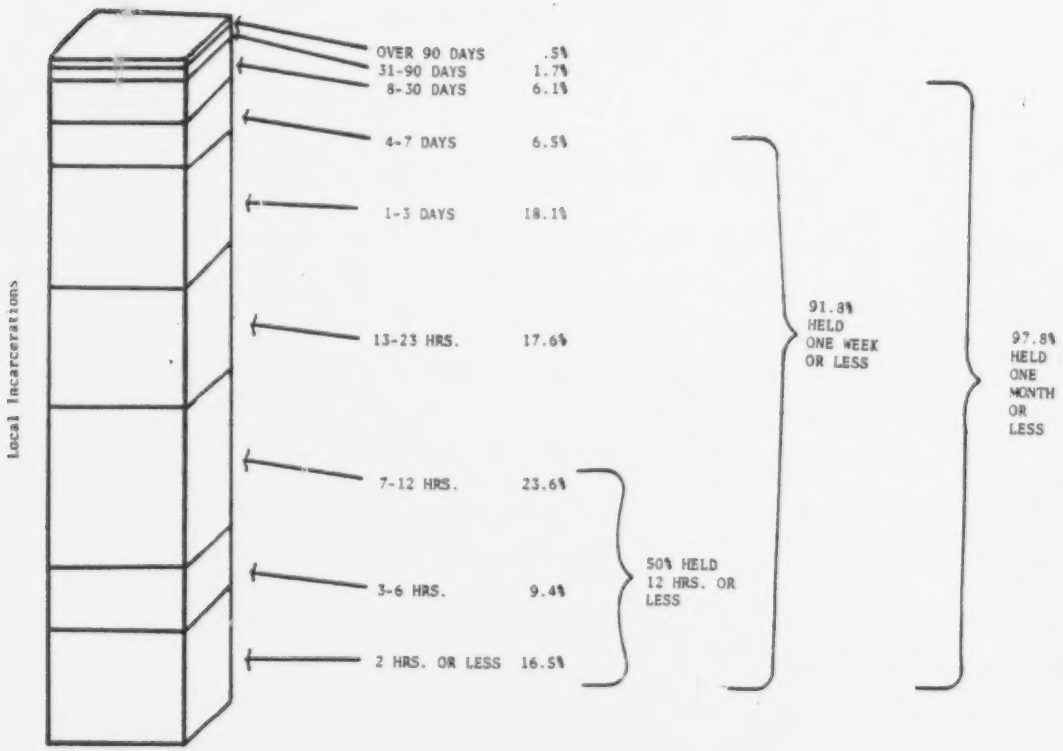

Table XVII provides data by facility for 1980 to match the statewide data presented previously in Table XVI. As expected, most of the individual facilities closely resemble the statewide pattern in length of time individuals are held. Only 16 of the 51 facilities reporting in 1980 held any person over 90 days but all 51 reported holding individuals for 12 hours or less. In fact, all but 6 of the 51 reporting facilities held at least 40 percent of their total for 12 hours or less. Of these six facilities, 2 held only a few people (Logan, Bowman) and 2 held rather substantial populations but held a large percentage of their population from 13 hours to 3 days (Ramsey, Stark). The remaining 2 facilities showing a different pattern of length of incarceration were the juvenile detention facilities in Grand Forks and Cass Counties. They also showed a pattern of longer holds for a large percentage of their population.

TABLE XVIII

Length of Incarceration by Facility, 1980*

County Jails:	2 hours or less	3 - 6 hours	7 - 12 hours	13-23 hours	1 - 3 days	4 - 7 days	8-30 days	31-90 days	over 90 days	Facility Total
ADAMS	0 0.00	2 33.33	2 33.33	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	2 33.33	0 0.00	0 0.00	6
BARNES	69 15.54	48 10.81	94 21.17	73 16.44	90 20.27	33 7.43	32 7.21	5 1.13	0 0.00	444
BOTTINEAU	14 16.47	10 11.76	12 14.12	19 22.35	13 15.29	3 3.53	13 15.29	1 1.18	0 0.00	85
BOWMAN	1 12.50	0 0.00	0 0.00	1 12.50	2 25.00	2 25.00	1 12.50	1 12.50	0 0.00	8
BURKE	22 59.46	0 0.00	7 18.92	0 0.00	7 18.92	0 0.00	0 0.00	1 2.70	0 0.00	37
BURLEIGH	81 5.76	138 9.81	360 25.59	272 19.33	248 17.63	144 10.23	122 8.67	37 2.63	5 0.36	1407
CASS	879 22.43	268 6.84	843 21.52	975 24.89	490 12.51	167 4.26	184 4.70	87 2.22	25 0.64	3918
CAVALIER	9 10.71	11 13.10	13 15.48	12 14.29	22 26.19	8 9.52	7 8.33	2 2.38	0 0.00	84
DICKEY	51 53.13	20 20.83	14 14.58	5 5.21	4 4.17	0 0.00	1 1.04	0 0.00	1 1.04	96
DIVIDE	4 18.18	6 27.27	5 22.73	5 22.73	2 9.09	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	22
DUNN	7 12.96	6 11.11	10 18.52	12 22.22	9 16.67	3 5.56	7 12.96	0 0.00	0 0.00	54
EDDY	2 8.33	5 20.83	6 25.00	6 25.00	4 16.67	1 4.17	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	24
EMMONS	6 20.69	10 34.48	10 34.48	0 0.00	1 3.45	2 6.90	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	29
FOSTER	1 4.76	8 38.10	5 23.81	1 4.76	1 4.76	0 0.00	4 19.05	1 4.76	0 0.00	21
GOLDEN VALLEY	0 .	0 .	0 .	0 .	0 .	0 .	0 .	0 .	0 .	0
GRAND FORKS	484 15.99	316 10.44	1104 36.47	432 14.27	362 11.96	152 5.02	120 3.96	42 1.39	15 0.50	3027
GRANT	0 0.00	7 41.18	0 0.00	5 29.41	4 23.53	1 5.88	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	17
HETTINGER	1 33.33	1 33.33	0 0.00	0 0.00	1 33.33	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	3
LOGAN	1 16.67	1 16.67	0 0.00	4 66.67	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	6
MCHENRY	27 28.42	9 9.47	18 18.95	15 15.79	17 17.89	3 3.16	4 4.21	2 2.11	0 0.00	95
MCINTOSH	1 14.29	3 42.86	1 14.29	2 28.57	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	7
MCKENZIE	38 6.97	34 6.24	169 31.01	114 20.92	115 21.10	40 7.34	27 4.95	8 1.47	0 0.00	545
MCLEAN	16 12.12	18 13.64	45 34.09	20 15.15	21 15.91	9 6.82	2 1.52	1 0.76	0 0.00	132
MERCER	62 12.73	40 8.21	153 31.42	84 17.25	120 24.64	17 3.49	11 2.26	0 0.00	0 0.00	487
MORTON	206 25.91	40 5.03	139 17.48	102 12.83	200 25.16	47 5.91	45 5.66	13 1.64	3 0.38	795
MOUNTRAIL	26 21.49	19 15.70	34 28.10	17 14.05	18 14.88	3 2.48	4 3.31	0 0.00	0 0.00	121
OLIVER	1 5.56	3 16.67	9 50.00	4 22.22	1 5.56	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	18
PEMBINA	19 12.93	11 7.48	31 21.09	32 21.77	29 19.73	10 6.80	14 9.52	1 0.68	0 0.00	147

Continue on next page

Table XVIII continued

County Jails:	2 hours or less	3 - 6 hours	7 - 12 hours	13-23 hours	1 - 3 days	4 - 7 days	8-30 days	31-90 days	over 90 days	Facility Total
PIERCE	9 14.06	10 15.63	10 15.63	11 17.19	14 21.88	3 4.69	5 7.81	1 1.56	1 1.56	64
RAMSEY	77 6.42	85 7.09	174 14.51	215 17.93	322 26.86	138 11.51	140 11.68	33 2.75	15 1.25	1199
RANSOM	2 3.64	8 14.55	17 30.91	11 20.00	11 20.00	2 3.64	3 5.45	0 0.00	1 1.82	55
RENVILLE	3 17.65	7 41.18	4 23.53	0 0.00	3 17.65	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	17
RICHLAND	38 4.95	83 10.82	173 22.56	109 14.21	222 28.94	58 7.56	73 9.52	9 1.17	2 0.26	767
ROLETTE	111 22.75	45 9.22	95 19.47	78 15.98	65 13.32	50 10.25	33 6.76	9 1.84	2 0.41	488
SHERIDAN	1 7.69	4 30.77	1 7.69	2 15.38	4 30.77	0 0.00	1 7.69	0 0.00	0 0.00	13
STARK	37 5.03	54 7.35	129 17.55	121 16.46	255 34.69	64 8.71	60 8.16	14 1.90	1 0.14	735
STUTSMAN	109 18.02	60 9.92	78 12.89	67 11.07	164 27.11	64 10.58	47 7.77	16 2.64	0 0.00	605
TRAILL	7 4.58	18 11.76	42 27.45	21 13.73	27 17.65	14 9.15	15 9.80	7 4.58	2 1.31	153
WALSH	33 6.45	54 10.55	134 26.17	84 16.41	110 21.48	42 8.20	45 8.79	10 1.95	0 0.00	512
WARD	601 57.13	68 6.46	96 9.13	89 8.46	72 6.84	45 4.28	50 4.75	19 1.81	12 1.14	1052
WELLS	4 18.18	6 27.27	3 13.64	4 18.18	3 13.64	2 9.09	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	22
WILLIAMS	165 13.44	102 8.31	246 20.03	210 17.10	302 24.59	86 7.00	87 7.08	24 1.95	6 0.49	1228
City Jails:										
DICKINSON	43 9.27	141 30.39	211 45.47	44 9.48	21 4.53	1 0.22	2 0.43	0 0.00	1 0.22	464
DUNSEITH	23 6.93	13 3.92	104 31.33	111 33.43	55 16.57	21 6.33	5 1.51	0 0.00	0 0.00	332
GLEN ULLIN	1 33.33	0 0.00	1 33.33	1 33.33	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	3
MINOT	57 10.59	81 15.06	150 27.88	119 22.12	93 17.29	33 6.13	5 0.93	0 0.00	0 0.00	538
NEW TOWN	3 27.27	6 54.55	0 0.00	1 9.09	0 0.00	1 9.09	0 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.00	11
Juvenile Detention Centers:										
CASS JDC	5 2.10	18 7.56	18 7.56	30 12.61	71 29.83	30 12.61	62 26.05	2 0.84	2 0.84	238
GRAND FORKS JDC	10 4.65	13 6.05	34 15.81	51 23.72	82 38.14	21 9.77	4 1.86	0 0.00	0 0.00	215
TOTAL	3367	1910	4804	3591	3677	1320	1237	346	94	20346

*Actual number of persons held for each time category is shown in the top line of each cell. Percentage of facility total represented by each cell is given in the 2nd line.

The average length of incarceration for males and females of various ages are compared in Table XVIII. The average length of stay for all males reported held in 1980 was three days and six hours while females stayed only about one-half as long, an average of one day twenty-two hours. In general females averaged less time incarcerated than did males when comparing similar ages.

Male juveniles averaged slightly shorter lengths of stay than did adult males but the average stay reported for female juveniles was nearly twice as lengthy as that reported for female adults. Both juvenile and adult females averaged shorter stays than did their male counterparts.

TABLE XVIII

Average Length of Incarceration
by Age and Sex
Statewide, 1980

	Male		Female	
10 & under		23 hours		23 hours
11 - 12		6 hours		12 hours
13 - 14	2 days	15 hours	1 day	6 hours
15	2 days	2 hours	2 days	12 hours
16	4 days	1 hour	2 days	
17	3 days	4 hours	4 days	5 hours
18	3 days	9 hours	1 day	4 hours
19	2 days	23 hours	3 days	17 hours
20	3 days	1 hour	1 day	6 hours
21	3 days	16 hours	2 days	8 hours
22	3 days	8 hours		22 hours
23	3 days	10 hours	2 days	1 hour
24	2 days	16 hours	1 day	22 hours
25 - 29	3 days	3 hours	1 day	19 hours
30 - 34	2 days	21 hours	1 day	4 hours
35 - 39	2 days	20 hours	2 days	
40 - 44	5 days	1 hour	1 day	20 hours
45 - 49	7 days	9 hours	1 day	8 hours
50 - 54	2 days	7 hours		10 hours
55 - 59	1 day	13 hours		15 hours
60 - 64	1 day	19 hours	3 days	22 hours
65 & over	1 day	9 hours		4 hours
Juveniles	3 days	1 hour	2 days	10 hours
Adults	3 days	7 hours	1 day	18 hours
Total	3 days	6 hours	1 day	21 hours

The average length of incarceration by sex for all reported incarcerations in North Dakota local facilities in 1980 is found in Table XIX.

TABLE XIX

Average Length of Incarceration by Sex
by Facility
Statewide, 1980

Facilities	Males	Females	Total
County Jails:			
Adams	7 days 4 hours		7 days 4 hours
Barnes	2 days 15 hours	1 day 23 hours	2 days 13 hours
Bottineau	4 days	2 days 8 hours	3 days 20 hours
Bowman	7 days 17 hours		7 days 17 hours
Burke	8 hours	4 days 19 hours	1 day 4 hours
Burleigh	3 days 23 hours	1 day 23 hours	3 days 18 hours
Cass	4 days	2 days 7 hours	3 days 20 hours
Cavalier	2 days 19 hours	2 days 4 hours	2 days 18 hours
Dickey	47 days 11 hours	5 hours	38 days 14 hours
Divide	10 hours		10 hours
Dunn	2 days 17 hours	17 hours	2 days 13 hours
Eddy	18 hours		18 hours
Emmons	12 hours	7 hours	12 hours
Foster	4 days 7 hours		4 days 7 hours
Grand Forks	2 days 11 hours	1 day 12 hours	2 days 7 hours
Grant	21 hours		21 hours
Hettinger	14 hours		14 hours
Logan	14 hours		14 hours
McHenry	2 days 18 hours	15 hours	2 days 15 hours
McIntosh	9 hours		9 hours
McKenzie	2 days 3 hours	24 hours	2 days
McLean	1 day 9 hours	15 hours	1 day 9 hours
Mercer	1 day 13 hours	16 hours	1 day 3 hours
Morton	3 days 6 hours	1 day 10 hours	3 days 3 hours
Mountrail	22 hours	9 hours	21 hours
Oliver	14 hours	16 hours	14 hours
Pembina	2 days 16 hours	15 hours	2 days 13 hours
Pierce	2 days 8 hours	23 hours	2 days 7 hours
Ramsey	5 days 22 hours	3 days 7 hours	5 days 12 hours
Ransom	1 day 9 hours	7 hours	1 day 8 hours
Renville	10 hours	2 hours	10 hours
Richland	3 days 3 hours	2 days 12 hours	3 days 2 hours
Rolette	2 days 21 hours	1 day 8 hours	2 days 17 hours
Sheridan	2 days 6 hours		2 days 6 hours
Stark	3 days 14 hours	3 days 8 hours	3 days 14 hours
Stutsman	3 days 23 hours	1 day 13 hours	3 days 19 hours
Traill	4 days 9 hours	9 hours	4 days 7 hours
Walsh	3 days 7 hours	2 days 4 hours	3 days 4 hours
Ward	3 days 4 hours	1 day 5 hours	2 days 22 hours
Wells	24 hours	24 hours	24 hours
Williams	2 days 23 hours	1 day 3 hours	2 days 20 hours
City Jails:			
Dickinson	24 hours	6 hours	23 hours
Dunseith	1 day 2 hours	24 hours	1 day 2 hours
Glen Ullin	9 hours		9 hours
Minot	23 hours	20 hours	23 hours
New Town	17 hours		17 hours
Juvenile Detention Facilities:			
Cass	5 days 16 hours	4 days 8 hours	5 days 3 hours
Grand Forks	1 day 18 hours	1 day 5 hours	1 day 12 hours
Statewide Average	3 days 6 hours	1 day 21 hours	3 days

The average length of stay statewide was three days in 1980. The overall average length of incarceration was slightly higher for males, three days six hours, while for females it was considerably shorter at one day twenty-one hours. As can be seen in Table XIX the average length of incarceration varied widely from facility to facility. Since the figures shown in Table XIX are simple averages, they can be greatly affected by the presence of even one long term incarceration as in the case of the Dickey County facility. Exempting Dickey County, the average length of incarceration ranged from nine hours in the McIntosh County Jail and Glen Ullin City Jail to seven days seventeen hours in the Bowman County Jail in 1980. The average lengths of incarceration for males ranged from eight hours in the Burke County Jail to forty-seven days eleven hours in the Dickey County Jail; while for the females in 1980 the average lengths of stay ranged from two hours in the Renville County Jail to four days nineteen hours in the Burke County Jail.

Table XX presents the 1980 average lengths of incarceration for males and females by race. In reviewing this table, one should remember that the average length of stay is based on reported incarcerations of 15,743 whites; 4,054 American Indians; 312 Hispanics; 138 blacks; and 97 others. As previously stated, the fewer the number of total cases used to create a simple average, the greater the likelihood of one or two unusual cases affecting that average.

TABLE XX

Average Length of Incarceration in Local Facilities by Race
North Dakota: 1980

	Males	Females
White	2 days 22 hours	1 day 23 hours
American Indian	4 days 12 hours	1 day 15 hours
Spanish Surname	3 days 22 hours	1 day 10 hours
Black	4 days 13 hours	4 days 10 hours
Other	3 days 22 hours	20 hours
All Races	3 days 6 hours	1 day 21 hours

The average length of incarceration was computed for each reason for incarceration reported in 1980. These data appear in Table XXI. Again, these figures are simple averages, not actual lengths of incarceration. The average lengths of incarceration reported in 1980 ranged from thirty-four days four hours for homicide charges to one hour for charges of sale or manufacture of non-narcotic drugs.

TABLE XXI

Average Length of Incarceration by Reason for Incarceration
Statewide, 1980

	Male		Female		Total	
Homicide	38 days	4 hours	2 days	3 hours	34 days	4 hours
Negligent Manslaughter	11 days	16 hours			11 days	16 hours
Gross Sexual Imposition	13 days	1 hour			13 days	1 hour
Robbery	13 days	4 hours			13 days	4 hours
Aggravated Assault	8 days	18 hours	7 days	21 hours	8 days	17 hours
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	11 days	18 hours	3 days	13 hours	11 days	11 hours
Larceny/Theft over $1000	9 days	19 hours	13 days	23 hours	10 days	6 hours
Larceny/Theft under $1000	5 days	2 hours	1 day	21 hours	4 days	14 hours
Motor Vehicle Theft	7 days	23 hours	3 days	15 hours	7 days	16 hours
Simple Assault	5 days	7 hours	1 day	20 hours	5 days	1 hour
Arson	16 days	13 hours	2 days	3 hours	14 days	18 hours
Forgery (Not Checks)	5 days	18 hours		15 hours	4 days	6 hours
Forgery (Checks)	12 days	21 hours	6 days	2 hours	10 days	16 hours
Check Offenses	1 day	21 hours	1 day	3 hours	1 day	15 hours
Fraud (Not Checks)	8 days	14 hours		2 hours	7 days	20 hours
Embezzlement	6 days	2 hours	30 days		8 days	2 hours
Stolen Property	5 days	20 hours		8 hours	5 days	10 hours
Vandalism	2 days	17 hours	3 days	5 hours	2 days	19 hours
Weapons Offenses	7 days	4 hours	4 days	7 hours	7 days	3 hours
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice		1 hour		4 hours		3 hours
Child Molesting	4 days	19 hours			4 days	19 hours
Other Sex Offenses	5 days	14 hours	16 days	13 hours	6 days	7 hours
Drug Offenses:						
(a)Sale or Manufacture:						
Drugs (Not Marijuana)	6 days	5 hours	12 days	12 hours	7 days	12 hours
Marijuana	13 days	11 hours		1 hour	12 days	21 hours
Synthetic Narcotics	6 days	7 hours	13 days	19 hours	7 days	21 hours
Non-Narcotic Drugs		1 hour				1 hour
(b)Possession:						
Drugs (Not Marijuana)	5 days	14 hours	1 day	9 hours	5 days	
Marijuana	1 day	15 hours	12 days	16 hours	2 days	11 hours
Synthetic Narcotics	2 days	12 hours	1 day	10 hours	2 days	10 hours
Non-Narcotic Drugs	2 days	20 hours		10 hours	2 days	14 hours
Gambling		17 hours				17 hours
Child Abuse/Neglect	11 days	14 hours	15 days	11 hours	12 days	13 hours
Non-support	7 days	16 hours	3 days	13 hours	7 days	12 hours
Other Offenses Against Family	2 days	5 hours		22 hours	2 days	3 hours
DWI	2 days	12 hours		19 hours	2 days	9 hours
Liquor Laws (Not DWI or OC)	1 day	9 hours	2 days	9 hours	1 day	12 hours
Disorderly Conduct	2 days	15 hours	1 day	3 hours	2 days	11 hours
Other Offenses	4 days	15 hours	2 days	19 hours	4 days	12 hours
Suspicion	1 day	13 hours		7 hours	1 day	2 hours
Curfew & Loitering	1 day	8 hours		23 hours	1 day	4 hours
Running Away	1 day	13 hours	1 day	9 hours	1 day	13 hours
Ungovernable Behavior	2 days	17 hours	3 days	10 hours	3 days	1 hour
Possession of Liquor	1 day	5 hours		22 hours	1 day	4 hours
Other Juvenile Offenses	2 days	12 hours	2 days	23 hours	2 days	16 hours
AWOL	3 days	20 hours		21 hours	3 days	11 hours
Detoxification	1 day	15 hours		13 hours	1 day	13 hours
Escape	14 days	5 hours			14 days	5 hours
Municipal Ordinance Violations	2 days			20 hours	1 day	22 hours
Parole Violations	5 days	17 hours	6 days	16 hours	5 days	19 hours
Protective Custody	2 days	12 hours	1 day	7 hours	2 days	7 hours
Leaving Scene of Accident	3 days	9 hours		18 hours	3 days	2 hours
Reckless Driving	3 days	17 hours		10 hours	3 days	15 hours
Driving Under Suspension	2 days	15 hours	1 [illegible]	14 hours	2 days	14 hours
Open Container	1 day	9 hours	2 [illegible]s	17 hours	1 day	13 hours
Other Traffic	1 day	21 hours	[illegible]	20 hours	1 day	19 hours
Trespassing	5 days	6 hours	1 day	2 hours	4 days	14 hours
Sleeper (No Offense)		15 hours		9 hours		14 hours
Bench Warrant	4 days	2 hours	4 days	9 hours	4 days	3 hours
Held for Fed. Marshall	8 days	10 hours		22 hours	7 days	23 hours
Pick up Orders	4 days	17 hours	2 days	16 hours	4 days	10 hours
Probation Violation	8 days	16 hours	2 days	22 hours	7 days	20 hours
Custody Review	9 days	10 hours	1 day	9 hours	6 days	1 hour
Held for Court	30 days	19 hours			30 days	19 hours

Legal Status of Persons Incarcerated

Individuals were held in North Dakota local facilities under any of several legal statuses. A listing of various legal statuses and the number of persons reported held in each status is presented in Table XXII. As can readily be seen, approximately one-half of all individuals held during each year were awaiting trial. Another one-quarter (approximately) were held for detoxification. Only about eight percent of all persons held in any of the four years were serving a sentence.

TABLE XXII

Persons Incarcerated in Local Facilities
by Legal Status as Recorded at Intake
North Dakota

	Number of Persons			
Legal Status	1977	1978	1979	1980
Under Investigation	265	129	108	136
Awaiting Indictment	82	51	222	275
Awaiting Trial	8,928	9,246	9,220	11,104
Awaiting Sentencing	387	223	167	216
Awaiting Appeal	18	7	4	2
Awaiting Transfer	1,068	908	897	881
Awaiting Parole Hearing	97	113	102	91
Serving Sentence	1,431	1,291	1,494	2,083
In-Transit	640	705	956	848
Federal Prisoner	64	110	89	94
Military Prisoner	24	10	12	11
Held for Detoxification	4,693	4,314	4,474	4,365
Sleeper (No Offense)	236	283	266	238
Total	17,933	17,390	18,011	20,344

Means of Release

The JIS also records the means by which each individual recorded held was released during each calendar year. Some persons were not released by the calendar end of each year, and therefore are not included in these statistics on release. For example, 20,344 individuals were recorded as having been incarcerated in 1980, but only 20,228 achieved release by some means. (See Table XXIII.)

Nearly one-quarter of all persons held who achieved release did so by paying a cash bond to the court. Approximately twenty percent were not held on charges. About fifteen percent were transferred to other authorities (State Penitentiary, Military or other Federal authorities, etc.) Around twelve percent were released on completion of sentence and approximately eight percent were released on recognizance. The remaining 20 percent of those released were handled by various means as shown in Table XXIII.

TABLE XXIII

Persons Incarcerated by Means of Release
Statewide

	1977	1978	1979	1980
Charges Dismissed	194	117	99	95
Cash Bond to Agent	2090	1890	1642	2408
Cash Bond to Court	3648	3933	3879	4732
Release on Recognizance	1168	1229	1462	1628
Supervised Release on Recognizance	278	182	288	382
Divirsion Program	111	24	16	81
Transferred to Other Authority	2789	2738	2698	2913
Placed on Probation	116	83	74	50
Placed on Parole	52	72	64	70
Completed Sentence	2468	1747	2058	2594
Paid Fine	631	569	621	825
Transfer to Medical Facility	652	713	608	535
Deported	22	42	65	56
No Charge	3691	4022	4181	3839
Excaped	15	20	16	19
Deceased	2	2	1	1
Total*	17,927	17,383	17,772	20,228

*These totals do not add to the total number of persons reported held in any year. See explanation in first paragraph of this page. In addition, for 1979, some of the data on releases was not entered into the computer system until after this analysis was completed.

The average length of incarceration for each means of release is presented in Table XXIV. As discussed previously, the average length of incarceration can be greatly influenced by 1 or 2 cases that vary widely from the norm when dealing with a small number of total cases. (See section on Length of Incarceration.) Although these statistics are average, they give an indication of relative lengths of stay.

The average individual who posted a cash bond to the court or paid a fine spent less time in the facility than an average individual who was placed on probation. Interestingly, the nineteen persons reported as having escaped in 1980 had already been held an average of seven days fifteen hours. The average individual who completed a sentence was held eight days twelve hours in 1980, not much different than the length of incarceration reported in 1977 for persons released at completion of sentence.

TABLE XXIV

Average Length of Incarceration for Each Means of Release
A Comparison of 1977 with 1980

Means of Release	Average Length of Incarceration 1977	1980
Charges Dismissed	2 days 21 hours	1 day 19 hours
Cash Bond to Agent	23 hours	11 hours
Cash Bond to Court	1 day 3 hours	1 day 20 hours
Released on Recognizance	1 day 14 hours	1 day 13 hours
Supervised Release on Recognizance	1 day 20 hours	1 day 14 hours
Diversion Program	3 days 23 hours	3 days 12 hours
Transferred to Other Authority	5 days 17 hours	5 days 21 hours
Placed on Probation	9 days 23 hours	11 days 16 hours
Placed on Parole	8 days 9 hours	4 days 8 hours
Completed Sentence	8 days 7 hours	8 days 12 hours
Paid Fine	1 day 21 hours	1 day 14 hours
Transferred to Medical Facility	4 days 9 hours	5 days 18 hours
Deported	1 day 23 hours	2 days 12 hours
No Charge	14 hours	1 day 10 hours
Escaped	15 days 21 hours	7 days 15 hours
Deceased	5 hours	12 hours

SUMMARY

- Numbers of persons reported incarcerated in local facilities increased over 13 percent from 1977 through 1980.

- Over 50 percent of total local incarcerations were of individuals in the 18 through 29 year age span.

- Juveniles account for about 7 percent of reported incarcerations.

- Approximately 90 percent of all persons reported incarcerated are male.

- About 75 percent of all persons reported incarcerated locally were white.

- Approximately 50 percent of all persons incarcerated were reported as alcohol-intoxicated at intake.

- Over 40 percent of annual incarcerations were reported as alcohol-related (persons held for detoxification or under charges of DWI, liquor law violations, open container violations, and juveniles in possession of liquor).

- Approximately 30 percent of reported incarcerations annually involved traffic-related offenses (includes DWI, leaving scene of accident, reckless driving, driving under suspension, open container, and other traffic offenses).

- About 50 percent of the individuals reported incarcerated were held twelve hours or less.

- The average length of stay statewide was three days in 1980.

- Approximately one-half of persons held annually were held awaiting trial and another one-quarter were held for detoxification.